

Managed by



Combining Data Sharing with the Master-Worker Paradigm in the Common Component Architecture

Gabriel Antoniu, <u>Hinde Lilia Bouziane</u>, Mathieu Jan, Christian Pérez, Thierry Priol

> PARIS research-team IRISA / INRIA Rennes - France









Introduction

- Context
- Overview of the Common Component Architecture

Data sharing paradigm

- Objectives
- Our proposition : data port model
- Data sharing on operation invocations
- Support of the master-worker paradigm
 - Limits with existing component models
 - A proposed model
- Data sharing in a master-worker paradigm
- Conclusions and perspectives





Introduction

Context

- Complex applications
 - e-Science
- Different resource kinds
 - multi-core processors
 - SMP machines
 - clusters
 - grids

Challenges

- Simplifying application programming
- Independence from resource kinds
- HPC

> Component model approach















Software component models



- Black box
- Ports

- Method invocations, events/messages/streams

Several component models

- Common Component Architecture/CCA Forum (CCA)
- CORBA Component Model/OMG (CCM)
- Fractal/ObjectWeb
- Grid.it-ASSIST/UNIPI
- Etc.





Overview of the CCA (1/2)

CCA forum



- US laboratories and academic institutions
- Specification based on the Scientific Interface Definition Language
 - Standard interfaces
- Several implementations
 - Local frameworks
 - Ccaffeine, SCIRun2, etc.
 - Distributed frameworks
 - Xcat, SCIRun2, Legion-CCA, etc.





Overview of the CCA (2/2)

- All is done at runtime
- Examples of specified SIDL interfaces
 - BuilderService
 - Component creation
 - createInstance(...)
 - Composition
 - connect(...)
 - Services
 - Port declarations
 - addProvidesPort(...)
 - registerUsesPort(...)
 - Getting a port reference
 - getPort(...)







- Introduction
 - Context
 - Overview of the Common Component Architecture
- Data sharing paradigm
 - Objectives
 - Our proposition : data port model
 - Data sharing on operation invocations
- Support of the master-worker paradigm
 - Limits with existing component models
 - A proposed model
- Data sharing in a master-worker paradigm
- Conclusions and perspectives





Problem overview



- Multiple concurrent accesses to a piece of data
- Data localization and management
 - Intra-process : local shared memory
 - Intra-cluster : distributed shared memory (DSM)
 - Intra-grid : grid data sharing service (JuxMem, PARIS/INRIA)











Data ports in CCA

Component implementation example

```
class CompImpl {
   Services srv;
   AccessPort myPort;
```

```
void setServices (Services services ){
    srv = services;
    srv.createAccessPort ("myPort", "arrayFloat",..);
```

```
void computeSum(){
  myPort = srv.getPort("myPort");
  myPort.acquireR();
  ptr = myPort.getPointer();
  size = myPort.get_size();
  for ( i = 0; i < size; i++)
     sum += ptr[i];
  myPort.release ();</pre>
```

User View

interface ExtendedServices : Services {
 void createAccessPort
 (in string portName,
 in string typeDataName,
 in TypeMap properties);
 void createSharesPort (...);

```
interface AccessPort : Port {
    opaque get_pointer();
    long get_size();
    void acquire();
    void acquireR();
    void release();
```

interface SharesPort : AccessPort {
 void associate (in opaque ptr, in long size);
 void disassociate();





Data sharing on operation invocation

Data sharing in SIDL

- Add "&" notation interface compute { void foo (in matrix & m1, out matrix & m2); }



Orthogonal to parameter modes

- In/out/inout determines who is the data "publisher"
- Example

	data publisher	data access (R/W)
in&	caller	all/always
out&	callee	callee: always caller: after return

• Mapping of arguments to data ports

Example

	caller	callee
in&	shares port	accesses port
out&	accesses port	shares port





Example of use

interface compute {
 void foo (in matrix & m1, out matrix & m2);
}
caller

Matrix* ptr = allocate_matrix(...)
SharesPort* dp1 =
 createSharesPort("p1", "matrix")
dp1->associate(ptr, size);
AccessPort* dp2 =
 createAccessPort("p2", "matrix");
to_server-> foo(dp1, dp2);

void foo (AccessPort& dpm1, SharesPort& dpm2) { ptr = dpm1.get_pointer(); size = dpm1.get_size(); res = f77_foo(ptr, size); dpm2->associate(res, size); }





- Introduction
 - Context
 - Overview of the Common Component Architecture
- Data sharing paradigm
 - Objectives
 - Our proposition : data port model
 - Data sharing on operation invocations
- Support of the master-worker paradigm
 - Limits with existing component models
 - A proposed model
- Data sharing in a master-worker paradigm
- Conclusions and perspectives





Problem overview



- Simultaneous independent computations (~ForAll loop)
- Dedicated API/environments
 - BOINC, XTremWEB,
 DIET, NetSolve, Nimrod/G, ...







Limits with component models

• Different infrastructures

 Multi-core processors, SMP, clusters, grids, etc.

Resources dependant properties

- Number of workers
- Request transport and scheduling policy



- Complex
- No transparence
- Objectives
 - Transparency
 - Re-use existing MW environments









Overview of the proposal







Master-worker paradigm in CCA

interface CollBuilderService

: BuilderService { CollectionID createInstanceCollection (in string instanceCollName, in string className, in TypeMap properties); BindingID bind (in CollectionID collID, in string collPortName, in ComponentID elem, in string elemPortName);

interface CollectionManagement: Port {
 bool addElement(in CollectionID collID);
 bool subElement(in CollectionID collID);

interface PatternInstantiation: Port {...}







- Introduction
 - Context
 - Overview of the Common Component Architecture
- Data sharing paradigm
 - Objectives
 - Our proposition : data port model
 - Data sharing on operation invocations
- Support of the master-worker paradigm
 - Limits with existing component models
 - A proposed model
- Data sharing in a master-worker paradigm
- Conclusions and perspectives





Data sharing on operation invocation

- Data sharing on operation invocations
 - Operation declarations level
- Master-worker paradigm
 - Composition level
- Data-sharing & master-worker paradigm
 - Dynamic data ports creation at each operation invocation (worker side)







Conclusions and perspectives

- Data sharing and transparent data access model in CCA
 Data ports model: «shares» and «accesses»
- Improving the support of master-worker paradigm in CCA
 - Collections, request delivery policy patterns
 - Resources infrastructure independent programming
 - Adaptation of workers and requests delivery at the burden of the framework
- Support of data sharing on operation invocation
 - Data sharing in MW paradigm
- Perspectives
 - Implementation within a CCA framework
 - Data sharing and master-worker paradigm
 - Benchmarks
 - Shared components in a distributed environment



Managed by



Questions ?

